1-1 AN ACT 1-2 relating to the creation, administration, powers, duties, 1-3 operation, and financing of the North Harris County Regional Water 1-4 Authority; granting the power of eminent domain and the authority 1-5 to issue bonds; providing a civil penalty. 1-6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS: 1-7 ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS 1-8 SECTION 1.01. CREATION. (a) A regional water authority, to 1-9 be known as the North Harris County Regional Water Authority, is 1-10 created in Harris County, subject to a confirmation election held 1-11 under Section 2.05 of this Act. The authority is a governmental 1-12 agency and a body politic and corporate. 1-13 (b) The authority is created under and is essential to 1-14 accomplish the purposes provided by Section 59, Article XVI, Texas 1-15 Constitution. 1-16 SECTION 1.02. DEFINITIONS. In this Act: (1) "Authority" means the North Harris County Regional 1-17 1-18 Water Authority. 1-19 (2) "Board" means the board of directors of the 1-20 authority. 1-21 "Commission" means the Texas Natural Resource (3) 1-22 Conservation Commission. 1-23 (4) "Director" means a member of the board. 1-24 (5) "Local government" means a municipality, county, 2-1 special district, or other political subdivision of this state or a 2-2 combination of two or more of those entities. 2-3 (6) "Person" has the meaning assigned by Section 2-4 311.005, Government Code. 2-5 (7) "Subsidence district" means the Harris-Galveston 2-6 Coastal Subsidence District. 2-7 (8) "System" means a network of pipelines, conduits, canals, pumping stations, force mains, treatment plants, and any 2-8 2-9 other construction, device, or related appurtenance used to treat 2-10 or transport water. 2-11 (9) "Water" includes: 2-12 (A) groundwater, percolating or otherwise; 2-13 (B) any surface water, natural or artificial, 2-14 navigable or nonnavigable; and 2-15 (C) industrial and municipal wastewater. "Subsidence" means the lowering in elevation of 2-16 2-17 the surface of land by the withdrawal of groundwater. 2-18 (11) "Agricultural crop" means food or fiber 2-19 commodities grown for resale or commercial purposes that provide 2-20 food, clothing, or animal feed. 2-21 SECTION 1.03. DESCRIPTION OF BOUNDARIES. (a) Except as provided by this section, the authority includes the territory that 2-22 2-23 is contained in the following area, whether the territory contains 2-24 noncontiguous parcels of land or whether the territory is located 2-25 within the boundaries of any other governmental entity or political subdivision of the state, but only if also contained in one or more 2-26 2-27 of the house districts described by this section: 3-1 BEGINNING at the intersection of the Harris and Waller County 3-2 line with the north right-of-way line of U.S. Highway 290 (current 3-3 alignment); 3-4 THENCE northwest along the Harris and Waller County line to 3-5 the intersection with Spring Creek; 3-6 THENCE continuing southeasterly along said Harris and Waller 3-7 County line, with the meanders of Spring Creek to the intersection 3-8 of the Waller and Montgomery County line; 3-9 THENCE southeasterly along the Harris and Montgomery County line continuing with the meanders of said Spring Creek; to the 3-10 3-11 intersection with the City of Houston, corporate limits; 3-12 THENCE along said City of Houston corporate limits, the

following: south approximately one half mile; east approximately

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one half mile to the City of Humble corporate limits; north along said City of Humble corporate limits approximately one half mile to aforementioned Spring Creek; east along Spring Creek to its confluence with the San Jacinto River to the intersection of U.S. Highway 59; easterly and southerly along the take line for Lake Houston to the intersection with the southeasterly right-of-way of the Union Pacific Railroad; southwesterly along said Union Pacific Railroad for approximately two miles; south to the north end of Duessen Parkway; southeast along the east side of Duessen Parkway and along the north side of the access road to the intersection with North Lake Houston Parkway;

THENCE departing said City of Houston corporate limits, west along the north side of said North Lake Houston Parkway to the beginning of Mount Houston Road, and continuing west on Mount Houston Road to the 6900 block to the intersection of Suburban;

THENCE south along Suburban to the City of Houston corporate limits;

THENCE along said City of Houston corporate limits, the following: west to Hirsch Road; south along the west side of Hirsch Road to Langely; west along the south side of Langley to the southbound feeder road of US Highway 59; northeast along the west side of the feeder road of US Highway 59 to Little York; west along the south side of Little York to Bentley; north along the east side of Bentley to Sagebrush; west along the north side of Sagebrush to Halls Bayou; south along Halls Bayou to Little York; west along the south side of Little York to Aldine Westfield Road; north along the east sides of Aldine Westfield Road to its intersection with the easterly extension of the City of Houston corporate limits; west to the Hardy Toll Road; north along the Hardy Toll Road approximately 0.25 miles; east approximately 0.35 mile; north approximately 0.15 mile; west approximately 0.35 mile; northwest along the Hardy Toll Road approximately 1 mile; southwesterly along an irregular path generally west to Carby; west along Carby to Airline Drive; south along Airline Drive to Canino; west along Canino to Sweetwater; north along Sweetwater to West Road; west to Interstate 45/US 75; south along Interstate 45/US 75 to south of Bluebell Road; southerly along an irregular path generally south and west to West Mount Houston Road; west along Mount Houston Road to a line east of Ella Boulevard; south along a line generally parallel to Ella Boulevard to south of West Gulf Bank; west along the south side of West Gulf Bank to Tomball Parkway; northwest along Tomball Parkway approximately 1.5 mile; west along an irregular path to North Houston-Rosslyn Road; north along North Houston-Rosslyn Road to Vogel Creek; west along Vogel Creek to the FWD CRIP RR; south along the FWD CRIP RR to Logview; west along Logview to Hollister; south along Hollister to White Oak Bayou; east along White Oak Bayou to Twisting Vine; south along Twisting Vine to West Little York; west along West Little York to Fairbanks North Houston; south along Fairbanks North Houston to Cole Creek; west along Cole Creek to Hempstead Road; northwest along Hempstead Road to Brittmore Road, also being the intersection with U.S. Highway 290, Northwest Freeway;

THENCE departing said City of Houston corporate limits and continuing northwest along U.S. Highway 290, Northwest Freeway, at Spencer Road;

THENCE northwest along U.S. Highway 290, Northwest Freeway (current alignment), to the intersection of the Harris and Waller County line, the POINT OF BEGINNING.

(b) The authority includes only that territory described by Subsection (a) of this section that is also in the following state representative districts as described by Article II, Chapter 2, Acts of the 72nd Legislature, 3rd Called Session, 1992 (Article II, Article 195a-11, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), as the districts existed on the effective date of this Act:

(1) District 127;

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                        (2) District 126;
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                             District 130;
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                             District 135; and
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                        (5) District 150.
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           or inside the municipal limits of the city of Humble.
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- Notwithstanding Subsections (a) and (b) of this section, the authority does not include any area that, on the effective date of this Act, is inside the municipal limits of the city of Houston
- (d) On a municipality's annexation of any of the authority's territory, the annexed territory is excluded from the authority's territory. The authority shall continue to provide services to the annexed territory in accordance with contracts in effect at the time of the annexation unless a written agreement between the board and the governing body of the municipality provides otherwise.

SECTION 1.04. EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN TERRITORY. district organized under Section 52, Article III, or Section 59, Article XVI, Texas Constitution, that is located in the portion of the territory described by Section 1.03(a) of this Act that is south of Beltway 8 or east of U.S. Highway 59 may petition for exclusion of its territory from the authority's territory. the 61st day after the date the authority receives the petition, the board shall:

- (1) grant the petition and order the territory excluded if the petition:
- (A) includes an accurate legal description of the boundaries of the territory to be excluded; and
- (B) the petition is filed with the authority before March 1, 2001; and
- (2) if the board grants the petition, file for recording in the office of the county clerk of Harris County a copy of the order and a description of the authority's boundaries as they exist after the exclusion of the territory.
- (b) The order excluding the territory is effective immediately after the order and description are recorded.

SECTION 1.05. APPLICABILITY OF OTHER LAW. (a) This Act prevails over any inconsistent provision of general law.

(b) This Act does not prevail over or preempt a provision of Chapter 151, Water Code, or Chapter 36, Water Code, that is being implemented by the subsidence district.

SECTION 1.06. FINDING OF BENEFIT. All the land and other property included within the boundaries of the authority will be benefited by the works and projects that are to be accomplished by the authority under powers conveyed by this Act. The authority is created to serve a public use and benefit.

## ARTICLE 2. DIRECTORS

SECTION 2.01. BOARD OF DIRECTORS. (a) The authority is governed by a board of five directors.

- (b) The board shall appoint a person to fill a vacancy in the office of director until the next election for directors. If the position is not scheduled to be filled at the election, the person elected to fill the position serves only for the remainder of the unexpired term.
- To be eligible to serve as director, a person must be a qualified voter in the voting district from which the person is elected or appointed.

SECTION 2.02. METHOD OF ELECTION OF DIRECTORS. (a) One director shall be elected from each of five single-member voting districts by the qualified voters of the voting district.

- (b) A person shall indicate on the person's application for a place on the ballot the voting district that the person seeks to
- (c) In the manner described by Section 49.103(d), Water Code, the board shall redraw the single-member voting districts as soon as practicable after:
  - (1) each federal decennial census; and

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- 8-9 (2) any change in the boundaries of the authority. 8-10 (d) At the first election after each time the voting
  - (d) At the first election after each time the voting districts are redrawn:
  - (1) five new directors shall be elected to represent the single-member voting districts; and
  - (2) the directors elected shall draw lots to determine their terms so that:
    - (A) two directors serve two-year terms; and
    - (B) three directors serve four-year terms.
  - (e) Subchapter C, Chapter 146, Election Code, applies to the consideration of votes for a write-in candidate for the initial permanent director or permanent director as if the authority were a municipality.
  - SECTION 2.03. SERVICE OF DIRECTORS. (a) Temporary directors serve until the initial permanent directors are elected under Section 2.05 of this Act.
  - (b) The initial permanent directors serve until permanent directors are elected under Section 2.06 of this Act.
    - (c) Permanent directors serve staggered four-year terms.
  - (d) A director serves until the director's successor has qualified.
  - SECTION 2.04. TEMPORARY DIRECTORS. (a) The temporary board of directors is composed of three individuals appointed by the commission.
  - (b) If a temporary director fails to qualify for office, the temporary directors who have qualified shall appoint a person to fill the vacancy. If at any time there are fewer than two qualified temporary directors, or if the temporary directors cannot agree on the appointment, the commission shall appoint the necessary number of persons to fill all vacancies on the board.
  - (c) A temporary director is not eligible to be elected under Section 2.05 of this Act.
  - SECTION 2.05. CONFIRMATION AND INITIAL PERMANENT DIRECTORS ELECTION. (a) The temporary board of directors shall:
  - (1) establish five single-member voting districts in the manner described by Section 49.103(d), Water Code; and
  - (2) on the first uniform election date of the calendar year 2000 hold an election to confirm the establishment of the authority and to elect five initial permanent directors.
  - (b) A person who desires to be a candidate for the office of initial permanent director may file an application with the temporary board to have the candidate's name printed on the ballot.
  - (c) At the confirmation and initial permanent directors election, the temporary board of directors shall have placed on the ballot:
  - $\hspace{1cm}$  (1) the name of each candidate filing for the office of director; and
  - $\mbox{\ensuremath{(2)}}$  blank spaces to write in the names of other persons.
  - (d) If the authority is created at the election, the temporary board of directors, at the time the vote is canvassed, shall:
  - (1) declare the qualified person who receives the most votes for each position to be elected as the initial director for that position; and
  - (2) include the results of the initial directors election in the authority's election report to the commission.
  - (e) As soon as practicable after the initial permanent directors have qualified, the directors shall draw lots to determine their terms so that:
  - (1) two directors serve terms that expire when permanent directors are elected at the first election held under Section 2.06 of this Act; and
- 10-18 (2) three directors serve terms that expire when 10-19 permanent directors are elected at the second election held under

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- 10-20 Section 2.06 of this Act.
- 10-21 (f) Section 41.001(a), Election Code, does not apply to the confirmation and initial permanent directors election held under this section.
  - (g) The temporary board of directors shall draft language for the ballot proposition used for the confirmation election. The ballot proposition must clearly and completely explain:
    - (1) the powers and duties of the authority;
    - (2) whether the authority has the power of eminent

domain;

(3) whether the authority has the authority to issue

11-4 bonds; 11-5

- $\mbox{\ensuremath{(4)}}$  whether the authority has the authority to impose taxes; and
- (5) whether the authority has the authority to impose fees.
- (h) The ballot language must explain the nature of any fees or taxes the authority has the authority to impose.

SECTION 2.06. ELECTION DATES. On the first uniform election date of the calendar year in each subsequent even-numbered year, the appropriate number of directors shall be elected to the board.

SECTION 2.07. COST OF ELECTION. (a) The temporary board of the authority shall fund the cost of the confirmation and initial permanent directors election if the temporary board is able to find a reasonable means of funding the election.

- (b) If the temporary board is unable to fund the entire cost of the election, the temporary board of the authority and the board of directors of the subsidence district may execute an agreement by which:
- (1) the subsidence district shall pay the portion of the costs that could not be funded by the district; and
- (2) the authority shall repay the subsidence district for those costs within a reasonable period.

## ARTICLE 3. ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

SECTION 3.01. MEETINGS AND ACTIONS OF BOARD. The board shall meet at least four times each year and may meet at any other time the board considers appropriate.

SECTION 3.02. GENERAL MANAGER. (a) The board shall employ a general manager as the chief administrative officer of the authority. The board may delegate to the general manager full authority to manage and operate the affairs of the authority subject only to the orders of the board.

- (b) The duties of the general manager include:
  - (1) the administration of the orders of the board;
  - (2) coordination with state, federal, and local

12-11 agencies;

- (3) the oversight of development of authority plans and programs; and
  - (4) other duties assigned by the board.
- (c) The board shall determine the terms of office and employment and the compensation to be paid the general manager. The general manager may be discharged by majority vote of the board.

SECTION 3.03. EMPLOYEES; BONDS. (a) The general manager of the authority shall employ all persons necessary for the proper handling of the business and operations of the authority and may employ attorneys, bookkeepers, engineers, and other expert and specialized personnel the board considers necessary. The general manager shall determine compensation to be paid by the authority.

- (b) The general manager may discharge employees of the authority.
- (c) The general manager of the authority and each employee or contractor of the authority who is charged with the collection, custody, or payment of any money of the authority shall execute a fidelity bond in an amount determined by the board and in a form

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and with a surety approved by the board. The authority shall pay for the bond.

## ARTICLE 4. POWERS AND DUTIES

SECTION 4.01. GENERAL POWERS AND DUTIES. (a) The authority has all of the rights, powers, privileges, authority, functions, and duties necessary and convenient to accomplish the purposes of this Act, including those provided by Chapter 49, Water Code.

(b) The authority may:

- (1) provide for the conservation, preservation, protection, recharge, and prevention of waste of groundwater, and for the reduction of groundwater withdrawals, in a manner consistent with the purposes of Section 59, Article XVI, Texas Constitution;
- (2) for the purposes of reducing groundwater withdrawals and subsidence, acquire or develop surface water and groundwater supplies from sources inside of or outside of the boundaries of the authority and may conserve, store, transport, treat, purify, distribute, sell, and deliver water to persons, corporations, municipal corporations, political subdivisions of the state, and others, inside of and outside of the boundaries of the authority;
- (3) enter into contracts with persons, including political subdivisions of the state, on terms and conditions the board considers desirable, fair, and advantageous for the performance of its rights, powers, and authority under this Act;
- (4) coordinate water services provided inside of, outside of, or into the authority; and
  - (5) administer and enforce the provisions of the Act.
- (c) The authority's rights, powers, privileges, authority, functions, and duties are subject to the continuing right of supervision of the state, to be exercised by and through the commission.
- (d) The authority shall exercise its rights, powers, privileges, and authority in a manner that will promote regionalization of water treatment and distribution.

SECTION 4.02. AUTHORITY RULES. (a) The authority shall adopt and enforce rules reasonably required to implement this Act, including rules governing procedures before the board.

(b) The board shall compile its rules in a book and make them available for use and inspection at the authority's principal office.

SECTION 4.03. FEES AND CHARGES. (a) The authority may establish fees and charges as necessary to enable the authority to fulfill the authority's regulatory obligations provided by this Act.

- (b) The authority may charge against the owner of a well located in the authority's boundaries a fee on the amount of water pumped from the well. The board shall establish the rate of a fee under this subsection only after a special meeting on the fee. The board by rule may exempt classes of wells from the fee under this subsection. The board may not apply the fee to a well:
- (1) with a casing diameter of less than five inches that serves a single-family dwelling;
  - (2) regulated under Chapter 27, Water Code;
  - (3) used for irrigation of agricultural crops;
  - (4) that produces 10 million gallons or less annually;

or

- (5) used solely for electric generation.
- (c) Fees the board establishes must be sufficient to:
- (1) achieve water conservation, prevent waste of water, serve as a disincentive to pumping groundwater, and accomplish the purposes of this Act, including making available alternative water supplies; and
- (2) enable the authority to meet operation and maintenance expenses and pay the principal of and interest on debt

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issued in connection with the exercise of the authority's general powers and duties.

(d) The temporary board may set fees to pay for the initial operation of the authority and the election of the initial permanent board until the permanent board has been elected.

SECTION 4.04. CIVIL PENALTY; INJUNCTION. (a) A person who violates a rule or order of the authority is subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$50 and not more than \$5,000 for each violation or each day of a continuing violation.

- (b) The authority may bring an action to recover the penalty in a district court in the county where the violation occurred. The penalty shall be paid to the authority.
- (c) The authority may bring an action for injunctive relief in a district court in the county where a violation of an authority rule or order occurs or is threatened to occur. The court may grant to the authority, without bond or other undertaking, a prohibitory or mandatory injunction that the facts warrant, including a temporary restraining order, temporary injunction, or permanent injunction.
- (d) The authority may bring an action for a civil penalty and injunctive relief in the same proceeding.

SECTION 4.05. WATER SUPPLY PLANS. The authority by rule shall, as needed but not less frequently than every five years, develop, prepare, revise, and adopt comprehensive water supply and drought contingency plans for various areas of the authority. The plans:

- (1) must be consistent with regional planning; and
- (2) must include 10-year, 20-year, and 50-year projections of water needs within the authority.

SECTION 4.06. ACQUISITION, CONSTRUCTION, AND OPERATION OF SYSTEMS. (a) The authority may:

- (1) acquire and provide by purchase, gift, or lease a water treatment or supply system inside of or outside of the authority's boundaries;
- (2) design, finance, or construct a water treatment or supply system and provide water services inside of or outside of the authority's boundaries;
- (3) operate, lease, or sell a water treatment or supply system the authority constructs or acquires; and
- (4) contract with any person to operate or maintain a water treatment or supply system the person owns.
- (b) The authority shall give persons outside the authority's boundaries, including the city of Houston, the option to contract for available excess capacity of the authority's water treatment or supply system or, before construction of a water treatment or supply system begins, for additional capacity of the system. The authority must offer a contract that would enable the person to pay for the excess capacity or additional capacity in accordance with the person's pro rata share of the capital investment and operational and maintenance costs for providing the excess capacity or additional capacity.

SECTION 4.07. SALE OR REUSE OF WATER OR BY-PRODUCT. The authority may store, sell, or reuse:

- (1) water; or
- (2) any by-product from the authority's operations.

SECTION 4.08. EMINENT DOMAIN. The authority may exercise the power of eminent domain in the manner provided in Chapter 21, Property Code, to acquire property of any kind to further authorized purposes of the authority. The authority may not exercise the power of eminent domain outside of the boundaries of the authority.

SECTION 4.09. CONTRACTS. (a) The authority may enter into a contract with any person or legal entity regarding the performance of any purpose or function of the authority, including a contract to jointly construct, finance, own, or operate works,

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improvements, facilities, plants, equipment, or appliances
necessary to accomplish a purpose or function of the authority. A
contract may be of unlimited duration.

- (b) The authority may purchase an interest in a project used for a purpose or function of the authority.
  - (c) The authority may contract for:
    - (1) the purchase or sale of water or water rights;
- (2) the performance of activities within the powers of the authority to promote the continuing and orderly development of land and property in the authority through the purchase, construction, or installation of works, improvements, facilities, plants, equipment, or appliances so that, to the greatest extent possible, considering sound engineering practices and economic feasibility, all the land and property in the authority may receive services of the works, improvements, facilities, plants, equipment, or appliances of the authority; or
- (3) the construction, ownership, maintenance, or operation of any works, improvements, facilities, plants, equipment, or appliances of the authority or another person or legal entity.
- (d) The authority may purchase surplus property from this state, the United States, or another public entity through a negotiated contract without bids.
- (e) An officer, agent, or employee of the authority who is financially interested in the contract of the type described by Subsection (d) of this section shall disclose the interest to the board before the board votes on the acceptance of the contract.

SECTION 4.10. COOPERATION WITH AND ASSISTANCE OF OTHER GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES. (a) In implementing this Act, the board may cooperate with and request the assistance of the Texas Water Development Board, the commission, the United States Geological Survey, the subsidence district, other local governments, and other agencies of the United States and this state.

- (b) The subsidence district may enter into an interlocal contract with the authority to carry out the authority's purposes and may carry out the governmental functions and services specified in the interlocal contract.
- (c) The board shall coordinate with the city of Houston to develop an interregional plan for a system to distribute treated surface water in an economical and efficient manner.

SECTION 4.11. GIFTS AND GRANTS. The authority is authorized to accept a gift or grant from money collected by the subsidence district under Chapter 151, Water Code, to fund a water treatment or supply system. The authorization in this section is in addition to the authorization provided in Section 49.229, Water Code.

SECTION 4.12. EXPENDITURES. (a) The authority's money may be disbursed only by check, draft, order, or other instrument.

- (b) Disbursements of the authority must be signed by at least two directors, except the board by resolution may allow the general manager, treasurer, bookkeeper, or other employee of the authority to sign disbursements.
- (c) The board by resolution may allow disbursements to be transferred by federal reserve wire system to accounts in the name of the authority.

SECTION 4.13. TAXATION. The authority may not impose an ad valorem tax.

## ARTICLE 5. NOTES AND BONDS

SECTION 5.01. REVENUE NOTES. (a) The board, without an election, may borrow money on negotiable notes of the authority to be paid solely from the revenue derived from any legal source, including:

- (1) tolls, charges, and fees the authority imposes;
- (2) the sale of water, water or sewer services, or any other service or product of the authority;
  - (3) grants or gifts;

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- (4) the ownership and operation of all or a designated part of the authority's works, improvements, facilities, plants, or equipment; and
- (5) contracts between the authority and any person, including a local government.
- (b) The notes may be first or subordinate lien notes at the board's discretion. An obligation may not be a charge on the property of the authority. An obligation may only be a charge on revenue pledged for the payment of the obligation.

SECTION 5.02. BONDS. (a) To carry out a power or authority conferred by this Act, the authority may issue bonds secured by all or part of the revenue derived from any source, including any source described by Section 5.01(a) of this Act.

- (b) In issuing or securing a bond or note of the authority, the authority may exercise any power of an issuer under Chapter 656, Acts of the 68th Legislature, Regular Session, 1983 (Article 717q, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes).
- (c) The authority may conduct a public, private, or negotiated sale of the bonds.
  - (d) The authority's bonds must:
    - (1) be authorized by board resolution;
    - (2) be issued in the authority's name;
- (3) be signed by the president or vice president of the board, which may be accomplished by facsimile signature;
- (4) be attested by the secretary of the board, which may be accomplished by facsimile signature; and
  - (5) bear the authority's seal or facsimile seal.
- (e) An authority bond may be secured by an indenture of trust with a corporate trustee.
- (f) The authority may issue bonds in more than one series as required for carrying out the purposes of this Act. In issuing bonds secured by revenue of the authority, the authority may reserve the right to issue additional bonds secured by the authority's revenue that are on a parity with or are senior or subordinate to the bonds issued earlier.
- (g) The resolution authorizing the bonds or the trust indenture securing the bonds may specify additional provisions that constitute a contract between the authority and its bondholders. The board may provide:
  - (1) for additional bond provisions; and
- (2) for a corporate trustee or receiver to take possession of the authority's facilities if the authority defaults.
- (h) Section 49.181, Water Code, does not apply to bonds or notes issued by the authority.

SECTION 5.03. REFUNDING BONDS. The provisions of this Act that apply to the authority's issuance of other bonds, their security, and the remedies of the holders apply to refunding bonds.

SECTION 5.04. APPROVAL AND REGISTRATION OF BONDS. After the authority authorizes bonds, the authority shall submit the bonds and the record relating to their issuance to the attorney general for approval. If the bonds are secured by a pledge of the proceeds of a contract between the authority and a municipality or other governmental agency, authority, or district, the authority shall submit to the attorney general a copy of the contract and the proceedings of the municipality or other governmental agency, authority, or district authorizing the contract. If the attorney general finds that the bonds have been authorized and each contract has been made in accordance with the constitution and laws of this state, the attorney general shall approve the bonds and contracts. On approval, the bonds shall be registered by the comptroller.

SECTION 5.05. FUNDING BY OTHER DISTRICTS. (a) The authority shall develop a procedure for cooperatively funding a project of the authority with money from other districts inside of the authority's boundaries if the authority project fulfills a governmental purpose of both the authority and other districts.

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- (b) Not later than the 90th day before the date the 22-21 22-22 authority issues bonds, other than refunding bonds, to finance a 22-23 project, the authority shall provide written notice of the authority's intention to issue the bonds to each district inside of 22-24 the authority's boundaries that may be benefited or affected by the 22-25 22-26 project. The notice must include the value of the bonds planned to 22-27 be issued, a description of the project the bonds would finance, 23-1 and a schedule of the portion of the project costs financed by the 23-2 bonds that may be allocated to each district benefited or affected. The schedule must be prepared by means of a formula certified by 23-3 23-4 the authority's engineer. 23-5
  - (c) A district may enter into a contract with the authority for the district to finance a portion of the proposed project with the district's resources instead of using proceeds from bonds of the authority for that purpose. The contract must be executed before the authority issues the bonds. As provided in the contract, the authority must:
  - (1) reduce the value of the bond issuance to the degree that the district provides project funding; and
  - (2) credit the district for its contribution to the project financing and adjust the allocation of revenue pledged to the payment of the bonds so that the authority avoids using, to a degree commensurate with the contribution, revenue from the district to service the authority's bond debt or interest.

ARTICLE 6. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

SECTION 6.01. FINDINGS RELATED TO PROCEDURAL REQUIREMENTS.

(a) The proper and legal notice of the intention to introduce this Act, setting out the general substance of this Act, has been published as provided by law, and the notice and a copy of this Act have been furnished to all persons, agencies, officials, or entities to which they are required to be furnished by the constitution and other laws of this state, including the governor, who has submitted the notice and the Act to the commission.

- (b) The commission has filed its recommendations relating to this Act with the governor, lieutenant governor, and speaker of the house of representatives within the required time.
- (c) All requirements of the constitution and laws of this state and the rules and procedures of the legislature with respect to notice, introduction, and passage of this Act are fulfilled and accomplished.

SECTION 6.02. EMERGENCY. The importance of this legislation and the crowded condition of the calendars in both houses create an emergency and an imperative public necessity that the constitutional rule requiring bills to be read on three several days in each house be suspended, and this rule is hereby suspended, and that this Act take effect and be in force from and after its passage, and it is so enacted.

President of the Senate		Speaker of the House
I cer	tify that H.B. No.	2965 was passed by the House on April
22, 1999, b	y a non-record vote	; and that the House concurred in
Senate amen	dments to H.B. No.	2965 on May 19, 1999, by the
following v	ote: Yeas 143, Nay	s 0, 2 present, not voting.
		<u></u>
		Chief Clerk of the House
I cer	tify that H.B. No.	2965 was passed by the Senate, with
amendments,	on May 17, 1999, by	y the following vote: Yeas 30, Nays
0.		
		Secretary of the Senate
APPROVED:		_
	Date	
		_
	Governor	